EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL OF ZAMBIA
GRADE SEVEN COMPOSITE EXAMINATION – 2017

Social Studies

SUBJECT 2/1
75 MINUTES
TD/SS/G7/2017

1 Read these instructions carefully.

2 DO NOT turn this page before you are told. Your teacher will tell you when to turn this page to begin writing the questions.

3 There are 60 questions in this SOCIAL STUDIES PAPER. You will be given EXACTLY 75 MINUTES to write the questions.

4 For each question, four answers are given, but only one of the four is right. Work out which is the BEST answer. Then, on your ANSWER SHEET, mark the box completely by shading the answer space of the letter of your choice. For example, if you had chosen answer D for a question, you would show it like this:-

   A   B   C   D

5 You must SHADE your answer spaces COMPLETELY and DARKLY using an HB pencil. If you have to change your answer, you must rub out the shading VERY NEATLY before shading the new one. USE A CLEAN RUBBER.

6 When you have finished one page, go straight on without waiting to be told. If you have time left at the end of the question paper, use it to check your work carefully.

7 Look at your ANSWER SHEET. On the top left hand side is a box which should have, Examination Year, your School Number and Examination Number. It should also say Subject 2 Paper 1.

8 Look at your ANSWER SHEET again. At the bottom left hand side, it should have your Surname, Forename, Subject - Social Studies, Name of Primary School and Secondary School of choice.

9 PUT UP YOUR HAND NOW IF: You have any question.
   You have the wrong answer sheet.
   You will NOT be able to ask questions once the examination has begun.
   DO NOT TURN THIS PAGE UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD.
   USE ONLY AN HB PENCIL FOR YOUR ANSWERS.

This question paper consists of 11 printed pages.
1. Throwing rubbish in rivers and dams causes ... pollution.
   A. air
   B. environment
   C. land
   D. water

2. The Bantu who migrated to the south were looking for ...
   A. a better life.
   B. minerals.
   C. the sea.
   D. weapons.

3. Cholera is a good example of ... disease.
   A. air borne
   B. hypertension
   C. sexual transmitted
   D. water borne

4. The money needed to start business is called ... 
   A. capital.
   B. expenditure.
   C. loss.
   D. profit.

5. In Zambia, rapid population growth can be prevented by ... 
   A. early marriages.
   B. family planning methods.
   C. population migrations.
   D. religious beliefs.

6. What is the fastest mode of transport?
   A. A bicycle
   B. A car
   C. A train
   D. An aeroplane

7. A high flat land is called ...
   A. desert.
   B. plain.
   C. plateau.
   D. valley.
8  Population grows when ... increases.
    A  birth rate
    B  death rate
    C  emigration
    D  medicine

9  Jesus died so that people's sins could be ... 
    A  forbidden.
    B  forgiven.
    C  foretold.
    D  saved.

10 Which one of the following is a quality for a leader? 
    A  Disobedience
    B  Honesty
    C  Laziness
    D  Marriage

11 Overpopulation can cause ... 
    A  diseases.
    B  development.
    C  employment.
    D  stability.

12 Husband and wife should have a good relationship in order to ... 
    A  know one's culture.
    B  know each other's health.
    C  promote security to children.
    D  Promote undesirable behaviour.

13 In Zambia, socialization with elders allows children to get ... 
    A  knowledge and cultural values.
    B  stories about Zambia.
    C  united through stories.
    D  Zambia past life.

14 Which government agency ensures that the environment is safe? 
    A  Anti-Corruption Commission.
    B  Lusaka Water and Sewerage Company.
    C  Zambia Development Agency.
    D  Zambia Environment Managing Agency.
The parable of the prodigal son teaches us about ...
A  forgiveness.
B  how good heaven is.
C  judgement.
D  using out talents.

Pupils learn road safety in schools in order to ...
A  prevent injuries.
B  reduce road accidents.
C  teach motorists.
D  teach road users.

The second largest continent in the world is ...
A  Africa.
B  Asia.
C  Australia.
D  Europe.

In attending to future needs and wants, we need to ... money.
A  budget for
B  donate
C  prioritise for
D  save

The Copperbelt province is densely populated because of ...
A  farming activities.
B  forest plantation.
C  improved health industry.
D  mining industry.

People united through bonds of marriage are called ...
A  elders.
B  families.
C  friends.
D  neighbours.

We need to list down needs before spending money to avoid ...
A  buying unnecessary goods.
B  everyday shopping.
C  missing goods.
D  spending.
22 ... refers to mother, father, children and grandparents.
   A  Extended family
   B  Family tree
   C  Family planning
   D  Nuclear family

23 Archaeological sites are important because they tell us about ...
   A  Khoisan people.
   B  past life.
   C  rock paintings.
   D  stone age tools.

24 People go into business for ...
   A  buying goods.
   B  looking for customers.
   C  profit making.
   D  selling to people.

25 Gas and petroleum can best be transported using ... transport.
   A  air
   B  land
   C  pipeline
   D  water

26 The longest river in Africa is ...
   A  Amazon.
   B  Congo.
   C  Niger.
   D  Nile.

27 Food shortages can be reduced by growing crops that do not need a lot of water such as ...
   A  cassava and maize.
   B  cassava and rice.
   C  cassava and sorghum.
   D  rice and wheat.

28 Which of the following crops is drought resistant?
   A  Cassava
   B  Groundnuts
   C  Maize
   D  Rice
29 Making a decision that involves a risk shows ...
   A belief.
   B courage.
   C faith.
   D fear.

30 The ... ocean is the largest in the world.
   A Arctic
   B Atlantic
   C Indian
   D Pacific

31 Drainage systems help us to ... during rain season.
   A channel water away
   B channel waste away
   C collect water
   D reduce litter

32 When riding a bicycle in the dark we must always ...
   A observe road signs.
   B ride on safe speed.
   C turn on bicycle lights.
   D wear bright clothes.

33 Expressing love and thankfulness to God is called ...
   A anointing.
   B blessing.
   C meditation.
   D worship.

34 ... is regarded as God's chosen nation.
   A Egypt
   B Israel
   C Iraq
   D Libya

35 Roads should always be kept in good condition to ...
   A avoid potholes.
   B ensure road safety.
   C prevent injuries.
   D protect motorists.
36 In taking part in the governance of the country people should ...
   A attend a political rally.
   B belong to a political party.
   C elect their own leaders.
   D have freedom of movement.

37 Which one of the following is the second highest court in Zambia?
   A High court.
   B Local court.
   C Magistrate court.
   D Supreme court.

38 Muslims bury their dead in the grave facing the ...
   A City of Mecca.
   B Mosque.
   C Synagogue.
   D Temple.

39 Mpezeni is the paramount chief of the ... people.
   A Chewa
   B Kunda
   C Lunda
   D Ngoni

40 Excessive noise in the environment causes ...
   A air pollution.
   B blindness.
   C deafness.
   D land pollution.

41 The source of income is different for each family because ...
   A of informal employment.
   B people are different.
   C people do different things.
   D people spend differently.

42 Human rights can be promoted by ...
   A freedom of association.
   B punishing law breakers.
   C torturing of prisons.
   D respecting the law.
43 Failure to provide food to a child is an example of …
   A  child abuse.
   B  child neglect.
   C  emotional abuse.
   D  physical abuse.

44 Improving rural areas helps prevent …
   A  electricity shortages.
   B  job search to cities.
   C  rural-urban migration.
   D  shortage of services.

45 The resurrection of Jesus Christ is celebrated on …
   A  Christmas day.
   B  Easter Sunday.
   C  Palm Sunday.
   D  Good Friday.

46 David Livingstone brought Christianity to Africa in order to …
   A  bring human rights.
   B  bring the bible.
   C  end slave trade.
   D  pray for the people.

47 … helps prevent soil erosion.
   A  Applying manure
   B  Contour farming
   C  Making dams
   D  Over grazing

48 … are people who are killed for believing in God.
   A  Disciples
   B  Heroes
   C  Martyrs
   D  Volunteers

49 Proper use of money involves …
   A  a family.
   B  listing needs.
   C  prioritising.
   D  regular income.
50 For someone to do satisfactory work there should be ...
A a salary.
B an office.
C training.
D relationships.

51 Child abuse can best be prevented by ...
A church and civic leaders.
B giving less work to children.
C sensitising citizens on child abuse.
D reporting all cases to the police.

52 Jesus demonstrated that he was humble to his disciples by ...
A feeding thousands of people.
B sharing bread with them.
C travelling with them.
D washing their feet.

53 Belonging to a family is a good source of ...
A life.
B money.
C protection.
D obedience.

54 In Zambia the major function of a constitution is to ...
A give power to Parliament.
B govern the country.
C promote human rights.
D unite the citizens.

55 Which one of the following is non-biodegradable waste?
A Cloth
B Faeces
C Plastic
D Vegetable
Study the map of Zambia below and answer questions 56 to 60.

56 Farmers in the town marked Z should be taught modern farming techniques to ...
   A encourage them to use of machinery.
   B increase food production.
   C increase food security.
   D prevent diseases.

57 Tourism in the National Park labeled X can be promoted by ...
   A building roads.
   B protecting wildlife.
   C protecting vegetation.
   D welcoming tourists.

58 Name the province marked C.
   A Eastern
   B Luapula
   C Muchinga
   D Northern
59 Pollution in the province marked S can be prevented by … materials.
A burning
B burying
C collecting
D recycling

60 Which one of the following is the best for transporting heavy goods from point A to B?
A Aeroplane
B Bus
C Train
D Truck

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